

basic education

Department: **Basic Education** REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

LIFE SCIENCES P1

NOVEMBER 2015

FINAL MEMORANDUM - 22 November 2015

MARKS: 150

10

DEPARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION 205 -11- 25

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This memorandum consists of 12 pages.

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PRINCIPLES RELATED TO MARKING LIFE SCIENCES

- 1. If more information than marks allocated is given Stop marking when maximum marks is reached and put a wavy line and 'max' in the right-hand margin.
- 2. If, for example, three reasons are required and five are given Mark the first three irrespective of whether all or some are correct/incorrect.
- 3. If whole process is given when only a part of it is required Read all and credit the relevant part.
- 4. If comparisons are asked for but descriptions are given Accept if the differences/similarities are clear.
- 5. If tabulation is required but paragraphs are given Candidates will lose marks for not tabulating.
- 6. If diagrams are given with annotations when descriptions are required Candidates will lose marks
- 7. If flow charts are given instead of descriptions Candidates will lose marks
- 8. If sequence is muddled and links do not make sense Where the sequence and links are correct, credit. Where sequence and links are incorrect, do not credit. If sequence and links become correct again, resume credit.
- 9. Non-recognised abbreviations Accept if first defined in answer. If not defined, do not credit the unrecognised abbreviation but credit the rest of the answer if correct.
- 10. Wrong numbering If answer fits into the correct sequence of questions but the wrong number is given, it is acceptable.
- 11 If language used changes the intended meaning Do not accept.
- Spelling errors If recognisable, accept the answer, provided it does not mean something else in Life Sciences or if it is out of context.
- 13. If common names are given in terminology Accept, provided it was accepted at the national memo discussion meeting.
- 14. If only the letter is asked for but only the name is given (and vice versa) Do not credit. DEPARTMENT

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15. If units are not given in measurements

Candidates will lose marks. Memorandum will allocate marks for units separately.

- 16. Be sensitive to the sense of an answer, which may be stated in a different way.
- 17. Caption

All illustrations (diagrams, graphs, tables, etc.) must have a caption.

18. Code-switching of official languages (terms and concepts)

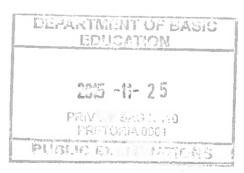
A single word or two that appear(s) in any official language other than the learners' assessment language used to the greatest extent in his/her answers should be credited if it is correct. A marker that is proficient in the relevant official language should be consulted. This is applicable to all official languages.

19. Changes to the memorandum

No changes must be made to the memoranda without consulting the provincial internal moderator who in turn will consult with the national internal moderator (and the Umalusi moderators where necessary).

20. Official memoranda

Only memoranda bearing the signatures of the national internal moderator and the Umalusi moderators and distributed by the national Department of Basic Education via the provinces must be used.



P. Preethlall

S.M. Wiese

External Moderator Please turn over

SECTION A

QUESTION 1

4024				
1.1	1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5 1.1.6 1.1.7 1.1.8 1.1.9 1.1.10	A√√ C√√ C√√ A√√ C√√ C√√ C√√ C√√ D√√ B√√ C√✓	(10 x 2)	(2
1.2	1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5 1.2.6 1.2.7	Medulla oblongata✓ Homeostasis✓ Abscisic acid✓/ABA Meninges✓ Aldosterone✓ Ozone✓/O ₃ Testosterone✓/FSH/LH		(7)
1.3	1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3 1.3.4 1.3.5	Both A and B✓✓ B only✓✓ A only✓✓ B only✓✓ Both A and B✓✓	(5 x 2)	(10
1.4	1.4.1	 (a) A√ - ciliary muscle√ (b) C√ - iris√ (c) D√ - cornea√ 		(2) (2) (2)
	1.4.2	Accommodation✓	DEPARTMENT - 80	(1)
	1.4.3	Diagram 2√	EDUCATION OF 25	(1) (8)
1.5	1.5.1	Phototropism✓	PINATE UNB 1 10 FRETORIA DO 1	(1)
	1.5.2	Light√/Sunlight/Radiant energy	Margaretti in Pro-	(1)
	1.5.3	Auxins√/ IAA/ Indole acetic acid		(1)
	1.5.4	Inhibit ✓		(1)
	1.5.5	Apical dominance√	P. Preethlall UMALUSI	(1) (5)

TOTAL SECTION A:

50

S.M. Hiese Please turn over Externel Medicator Umplasi

QUESTION 2

- 2.1 2.1.1 (a) Eustachian tube√ (1)
 - (b) Round window√ (1)
 - (c) Cochlea√ (1)
 - 2.1.2 Air will not be taken in√/released
 - to equalise pressure√
 - on both sides of the tympanic membrane
 - Tympanic membrane/ ossicles may not vibrate freely√ This may lead to the tympanic membrane bursting and
 - therefore could lead to hearing loss \(\sqrt{deafness/pain} \) (Any 4) (4)
 - 2.1.3 Changes in the direction and speed of movement:
 - Causes the endolymph to move √ in part D/semi-circular canals
 - The cristae√
 - found in the ampulla √are stimulated
 - and converts the stimulus into an impulse <
 - which is transmitted via the auditory nerve√/ vestibular nerve
 - to the cerebellum√
 - from which impulses are transmitted via motor neurons/
 - to the skeletal muscles //effector to restore balance of the body

(Any 5) (5) (12)

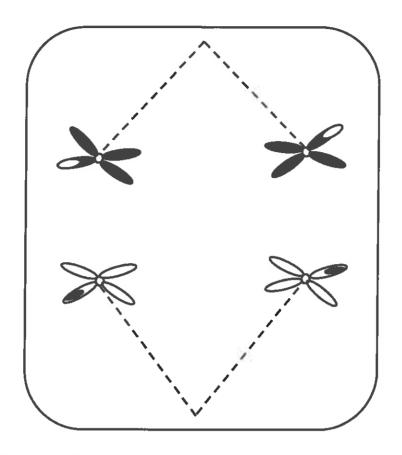
- 2.2 2.2.1 (a) Chromosome√ (1)
 - (b) Spindle fibre√ (1)
 - (c) Centromere√ (1)
 - 2.2.2 Metaphase II✓ (1)
 - 2.2.3 Chromosomes lying independently ✓ /singly at the equator√ (2)

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2.2.4



Mark allocation:

- C Shows **4** chromosomes ✓ ✓ (not chromatids)
- S Shows separation ✓ of genetic material
- D Correct variation shown in the chromosomes√(shading on the chromosomes must be complementary)

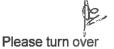
(Use the letters for marking process)

(4) (10)



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QUESTION 3

in the to ser which to bea and th to cor This i	carotid artery / laorta are stimulated and impulses to the medulla oblongata / ithen stimulates the heart / at faster / ne breathing muscles / lexample attract more actively / increases the rate/ depth of breathing / CO ₂ is taken to and exhaled from the l		CO₂ level (Any 6) (6)
3.2.1	•		er 5 (2)
3.2.2	(145 – 125)√ (Accept numbers in range 144 -146 for the second value)	or the first value and	124 -126
	= 20√ mg/100 cm³ (Accept answer according to the value	les given by learner)	(2)
3.2.3	Accept any answer from 1,7 to 1,9√ I 1h42min – 1h54min	nours /102 – 114minu	utes/
3.2.4	(a) Thabiso√		(1)
	- · · ·	_	
3.2.5	 insulin√is secreted into the blood to convert excess glucose into glyder and to stimulate the cells to absorb 	cogen ✓ in the liver	(Any 4) (4) (11)
3.3.1	Poaching√	DEPARTN ED	(1)
3.3.2	Deforestation ✓ Urbanisation ✓ Mining ✓ Agriculture ✓ Veld fires ✓ Building ✓ Pollution ✓ Introduction of alien species ✓ (MARK FIRST ONE ONLY)	Sell Priese External Medicaler Umalusi	(Any 1) (1)
	in the to ser which to bea and the to cor This in the 3.2.1 3.2.2 3.2.3 3.2.4	in the carotid artery / laorta are stimulated to send impulses to the medulla oblongata/ which then stimulates the heart/ to beat faster/ and the breathing muscles / lexample to contract more actively/ This increases the rate/ depth of breathing/ More CO2 is taken to and exhaled from the lin the blood to normal 3.2.1 Comparison of the blood glucose level hours / loefore and after ingesting glucose level hours / loefore and after ingesting glucose level numbers in range 144 - 146 for for the second value) = 20 / mg/100 cm³ (Accept answer according to the value) 3.2.3 Accept any answer from 1,7 to 1,9 / level 1 h42min - 1h54min 3.2.4 (a) Thabiso / (b) - His glucose level is higher than - level level / level (mark First one only) 3.2.5 When his glucose level is higher than - level / le	in the carotid artery√/aorta are stimulated to send impulses to the medulla oblongata√ in the brain which then stimulates the heart√ to beat faster√ and the breathing muscles √/example to contract more actively√ This increases the rate/ depth of breathing√ More CO₂ is taken to and exhaled from the lungs√returning the C in the blood to normal 3.2.1 Comparison of the blood glucose level of two people√ over hours√/before and after ingesting glucose 3.2.2 (145 – 125)√ (Accept numbers in range 144 -146 for the first value and for the second value) = 20√ mg/100 cm³ (Accept answer according to the values given by learner) 3.2.3 Accept any answer from 1,7 to 1,9√ hours /102 – 114minus 1h42min – 1h54min 3.2.4 (a) Thabiso√ (b) - His glucose level is higher than the normal range√ - It takes longer for his glucose level to come down to original level√ (MARK FIRST ONE ONLY) 3.2.5 - When his glucose level is high√/99/98mg/100cm³ - insulin√ is secreted into the blood - to convert excess glucose into glycogen √ in the liver - and to stimulate the cells to absorb more glucose√ - thus decreasing the blood glucose level√ 3.3.1 Poaching√ - Agriculture√ - Veld fires√ - Building√ - Pollution√ - Introduction of alien species√ (MARK FIRST ONE ONLY)

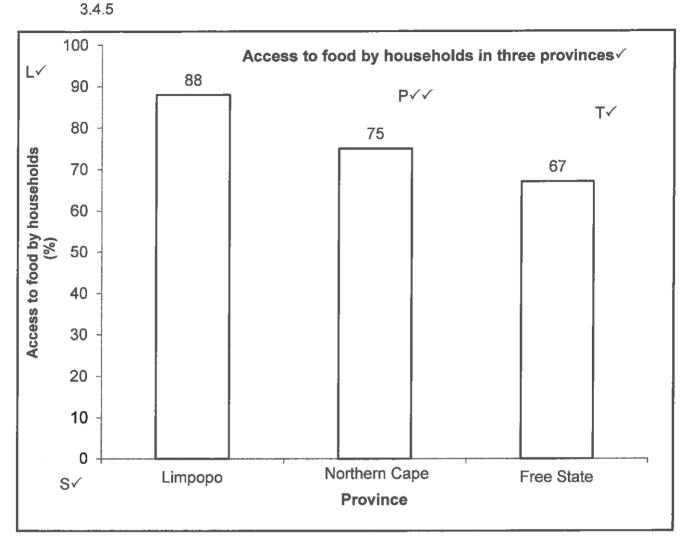
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Life Scien	ices/P1	9 DI NSC – Final Memorandum – 22 November 2015	BE/November 201	5
	3.3.3	Increasing human population ✓ Increasing unemployment ✓ / poverty Increased prices of bush-meat ✓ / greed Increased demand ✓ Poor protection of wildlife ✓ (MARK FIRST TWO ONLY)	(Any 2)	(2)
	3.3.4	 Disturbs the ecosystem√ because food chains are affected√ leading to the extinction of some species√ in the earth and will eventually lead to loss of biodiversity√ 	cosystem (Any 3)	(3)
	3.3.5	 Very old animals have passed the reproductive stalives √/old animals are at the end of lifespan therefore may not significantly influence the size of population √ Weak animals have a short lifespan √ and will not contribute to the survival of the populate Killing old and weak animals may prevent a populate exceeding carrying capacity √ Genes causing weakness will be removed from the 	the ion√ tion from	(3) (10)
3.4	3.4.1	 Food security refers to the access√ of adequate √/safe/nutritious food to all people at all times √ 	(Any 2)	(2)
	3.4.2	 Price is added to cover the cost of transportation√ distances No competition√ between dealers in rural areas Decrease demand√ for goods in rural areas (MARK FIRST ONE ONLY) 	over long (Any 1)	(1)
	3.4.3	 Decreased need to buy food√ Selling of excess produce to earn some money√ (MARK FIRST TWO ONLY) 		(2)
	3.4.4	- Making people aware of the benefits of farming✓ - Providing resources✓/example - Developing skills for farming✓ - Providing incentives✓ to encourage farming (MARK FIRST TWO ONLY)	(Any 2)	(2)



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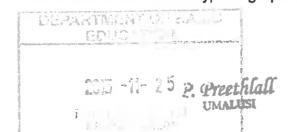
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Mark allocation of the graph

Criteria	Mark Allocation			
Bar graph drawn (T)	11			
Title of graph	1			
Correct scale for X-axis (equal width and spacing of the bars) and Y-axis (S)	1			
Correct label and unit for X-axis and Y-axis (L)	1			
Plotting of the bars (P)	O: No bars plotted correctly O: 1 to 2 bars plotted correctly O: All 3 bars plotted correctly			

If a line graph is drawn – marks will be awarded for the 'title and label for X and Y axes' only If a histogram is drawn – marks will be lost for the 'type of graph and correct scale' only



1.4.2

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(6) (13)[40]

TOTAL SECTION B: Please turn over, 80

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SECTION C

QUESTION 4

Structural suitability of the sperm cell for internal fertilisation

- The front of the head of the sperm cell contains an acrosome√/vesicle which carries enzymes to dissolve a path into the ovum√
- Nucleus of the sperm√ carries genetic material of the male√/ haploid number of chromosomes
- The middle piece contains mitochondria
 ✓
 which release energy
 ✓ so that sperms could swim
- The presence of a long tail ✓ enables sperm cells to swim ✓ towards the ovum
- The contents of the sperm cell such as the cytoplasm is reduced √/condensed making the sperm light for efficient movement √ (Any 3 x 2) (6)

Fertilisation

- In the Fallopian tubes√
- one sperm cell makes contact with the ovum's membrane√
- The nucleus of the sperm enters the ovum√
- Then the ovum membrane becomes impenetrable √to other sperms
- The nucleus of the sperm fuses ✓ OR sperm fuses with an ovum ✓
- to form a diploid√ zygote
- This is called fertilisation√

(Any 5)

(5)

Events after fertilisation until implantation

- The zygote divides by mitosis√many times
- to form an embryo√
- It first consists of a ball of cells√
- called the morula

 ✓
- which then develops into a hollow ball of cells√
- called the blastula ✓ /blastocyst
- It embeds itself into the uterus lining ✓/endometrium
- using chorionic villi

(Any 6) (6) Content: (17

(17) (3)

Synthesis:

(20)

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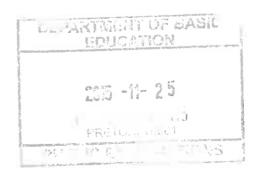
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ASSESSING THE PRESENTATION OF THE ESSAY

Relevance	Logical sequence	Comprehensive	
All information provided is	Ideas arranged in a logical/	Answered all aspects	
relevant to the question	cause-effect sequence	required by the essay in	
·		sufficient detail	
Only information regarding:	All structures are related to	At least the following points	
- The structural suitability	the respective functions of	should be included:	
of the sperm cell	the sperm cell.	- The structural suitability of	
- Events during fertilisation	The sequence of events in	the sperm cell (4/6)	
- Events after fertilisation	fertilisation and post	- Events during fertilisation	
until implantation	fertilisation until implantation	(3/5)	
No irrelevant information.	is in the correct order.	- Events after fertilisation	
		until implantation (4/6)	
1 mark	1 mark	1 mark	

TOTAL SECTION C: 20 GRAND TOTAL: 150



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23/11/2015





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REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA basic education

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TOLERANCE RANGE

		Q7 Q8 Q9 Q10 D11 D12					TOTAL PATOL	IO AL MARKS	SIGNED OFF BY POLITY / Wat	DATE: AT 111 J 2015
	1	8	-	+	_		+	0	SIGN	
	PAPER	8	1 2			· 65 %	-	(3/8)		
	P.	9	ୃଷ	-		Synthesis				
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DATE 21 NOVEMBER 3015	SUBJECT LIFE SCIENCE	QUESTION NUMBER	QUESTION TOTAL	FINAL TOLERANCE RANGE PER DIJECTION	(Indicate sub-question or	item level where TR is applied)	FINAL TOLERANCE	RANGE FOR QUESTION PAPER	SIGNED OFF BY WALUSI	DATE: