

basic education

Department: **Basic Education** REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

LIFE SCIENCES P2

FEBRUARY/MARCH 2017

FINAL MARKING GUIDELINE - 18 March 2017

MARKS: 150

DEPARTMENT OF BASIC

PRIVATE BAG X895, PRETORIA 0001

2017 -03- 22

APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE

PUBLIC EXAMINATION

This memorandum consists of 12 pages.

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PRINCIPLES RELATED TO MARKING LIFE SCIENCES

- If more information than marks allocated is given 1. Stop marking when maximum marks is reached and put a wavy line and 'max' in the right-hand margin.
- If, for example, three reasons are required and five are given

 Mark the first three irrespective of whether all or some are correct/incorrect

 If whole process is given when only a part of it is required

 Read all and credit the relevant part.

 If comparisons are asked for, but descriptions are given

 Accept if the differences/similarities are clear.

 If tabulation is required, but paragraphs are given

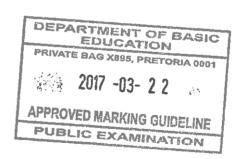
 Candidates will lose marks for not tabulating. If, for example, three reasons are required and five are given 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- If diagrams are given with annotations when descriptions are required 6. Candidates will lose marks.
- 7. If flow charts are given instead of descriptions Candidates will lose marks.
- If sequence is muddled and links do not make sense 8. Where sequence and links are correct, credit. Where sequence and links are incorrect, do not credit. If sequence and links become correct again, resume credit.
- 9. Non-recognised abbreviations Accept if first defined in answer. If not defined, do not credit the unrecognised abbreviation, but credit the rest of the answer if correct.
- 10. Wrong numbering If answer fits into the correct sequence of questions, but the wrong number is given, it is acceptable.
- 11. If language used changes the intended meaning Do not accept.
- 12. Spelling errors If recognisable, accept the answer, provided it does not mean something else in Life Sciences or if it is out of context.
- 13. If common names are given in terminology Accept, provided it was accepted at the national memo discussion meeting.
- 14. If only the letter is asked for, but only the name is given (and vice versa) Dr P. Preethiali Do not credit. **UMALUSI Moderator**

P. B. MAIOZI **IIMALUSI**

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- 15. **If units are not given in measurements**Candidates will lose marks. Memorandum will allocate marks for units separately.
- 16. Be sensitive to the sense of an answer, which may be stated in a different way.
- 17. **Caption**All illustrations (diagrams, graphs, tables, etc.) must have a caption.
- 18. Code-switching of official languages (terms and concepts)
 A single word or two that appear(s) in any official language other than the learner's assessment language used to the greatest extent in his/her answers should be credited, if it is correct. A marker that is proficient in the relevant official language should be consulted. This is applicable to all official languages.
- 19. Changes to the memorandum

 No changes must be made to the memoranda. The provincial internal moderator
 must be consulted, who in turn will consult with the national internal moderator
 (and the Umalusi moderators where necessary).
- 20. Official memoranda
 Only memoranda bearing the signatures of the national internal moderator and the
 Umalusi moderators and distributed by the National Department of Basic
 Education via the provinces must be used.

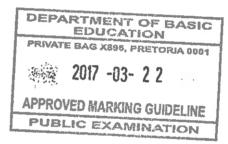




Dr P. Proethiali UMALUSI Moderator

SECTION A

QUEST	TION 1	DEPART		
1.1	1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5 1.1.6 1.1.7 1.1.8	BVV CVV PRIVATE BAG X895, PRETORIA 0001 BVV DVV APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE PUBLIC EXAMINATION DVV	(8 x 2)	(16)
1.2	1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5 1.2.6 1.2.7	(Gene) mutation√ Theory√ Artificial selection√/Selective breeding Ribose√ sugar Punctuated equilibrium√ Out of Africa√ hypothesis Fossils√	(7 x 1)	(7)
1.3	1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3	A only√√ Both A and B√√ B only√√	(3 x 2)	(6)
1.4	1.4.1	(a) 25√ mya (accept 24 to 25)		(1)
		(b) 63√ mya		(1)
	1.4.2	Old World monkeys√ and apes√ (MARK FIRST TWO ONLY)		(2)
	1.4.3	Lorises√		(1) (5)
1.5	1.5.1	23✓		(1)
	1.5.2	(a) Centromere√		(1)
		(b) Chiasma√/chiasmata		(1)
	1.5.3	Ovary√		(1)
	1.5.4	(a) Crossing over√	24	(1)
		(b) Prophase I√ Dr P. Preethis umalusi Modera		(1)
		(c) ova√/gametes/sex cells		(1)
Conveigh	1.5.5	C→B→A√(correct sequence) Q Q Q P. B. MAJOZI UMALUSI	age turn over	(1) (8)
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TOTAL SECTION A:

50

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SECTION B

QUESTION 2

- A transitional fossil shows characteristics ✓ of two ✓ /between 2.1 2.1.1 (2)genera/species

Bipedalism√/stood upright 2.1.2

(1)

- 2.1.3 - Structure of the pelvis√ - Cranial volume√
 - (MARK FIRST ONE ONLY)

Any 1

(1)

- The foramen magnum is located more forward beneath 2.1.4 the skull√, so that

 - The spine is S-shaped √to
 - support an upright posture√
 - The pelvis is shorter and wider√
 - to support the body above√the pelvis (MARK FIRST TWO ONLY)

Any (2 x 2)

(4)

- There was a change in diet√ 2.1.5
 - from tough√/raw to
 - softer√/cooked food

(3) (11)

- 2.2.1 22
- (a) MRSA√

(1)

(b) FQRP√

(1)

<u>(15)</u>√ 2.2.2 100√ OR (20-5)√

= 300 < %

(3)

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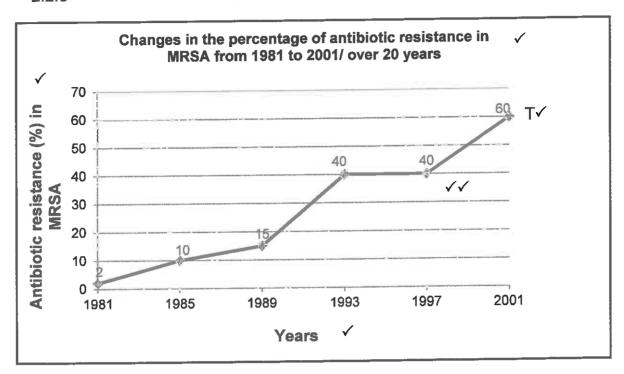
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100√

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Mark allocation for the graph

Criteria	Mark Allocation
Correct type of graph (line graph)	1
Title of graph including both variables	1
Correct label and scale for X-axis	1
Correct label and scale for Y-axis	11
Plotting of points	1 – 1 to 5 points plotted correctly 2 – all 6 points plotted correctly

NOTE:

If the wrong type of graph is drawn, marks will be lost for:

- 'Correct type of graph'
- 'Plotting of points'

If the axes are transposed:

The learner will lose 2 marks for correct label and scale for x and y axes PUBLIC EXAMINATION

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If learners draw all 3 graphs on the same system of axes:

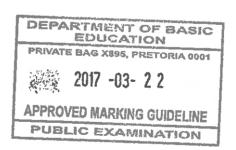
- Learners will lose the mark for the title
- Learners will lose 1 mark for correct label and scale for y axis
- If all three graphs drawn are labelled, mark the correct MRSA graph
- If all three graphs drawn are not labelled, marks for plotting will be lost

If learners draw three graphs separately mark the first graph

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(6)(11)

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QUESTION 3

3.1	3.1.1	Mary√ ✓		
		(MARK FIRST ONE ONLY		

(2)

There are no matching bands //bars/pattern/DNA profile with both 3.1.2 parents <

(2)(4)

3.2 3.2.1 Three√/3 (1)

3.2.2 I^A√ and I^B√ (2)

(MARK FIRST TWO ONLY)

3.2.3

 P_1

Phenotype Genotype

Blood group A

Blood group O√ X

X ij✓

Meiosis

G/gametes

Fertilisation

F₁

Genotype

Phenotype

2 blood group A : 2 blood group O√

Phenotypic ratio is 1:1*✓

P₁ and F₁√

Meiosis and fertilisation√

*1 compulsory mark + Any 6

OR

P₁ Phenotype Genotype

Blood group A

Blood group O√

ΙAi ii√ X

Meiosis

Fertilisation

Gametes	I ^A	i
i	I ^A i	ii
į	Ι ^Α i	ii

1 mark for correct gametes 1 mark for correct genotypes

F₁

Phenotype

2 blood group A : 2 blood group O√ Phenotypic ratio is 1:1*✓

P₁ and F₁✓

Meiosis and fertilisation√

(10)*1 compulsory mark + Any 6

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(7)

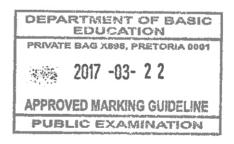
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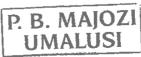
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3.3	The Yand thesince tA son	ividual inherits one allele from each parent√ chromosome was inherited from the father√ e recessive allele/X ^h was inherited from the mother√ he mother has two recessive alleles√/X ^h X ^h only needs to get one recessive allele to be haemophiliac√sin mosome does not carry any allele to mask the haemophilia al	ice the lele√ Any 4	(4)
3.4	3.4.1	- Determine time/day to collect data Selected an area ✓ on the island randomly captured ✓ a number of birds of the same specimeasured their beaks ✓ before the drought ✓ and during the drought ✓ recorded ✓ the number of birds with each beak size (MARK FIRST FOUR ONLY)	es Any 4	(4)
	3.4.2	Number of finches before and during the drought√/(beak size	e)	(1)
	3.4.3	During the drought there were more finches with larger beak OR		(0)
		During the drought there were fewer finches with smaller bea	aks√√	(2)
	3.4.4	 During the drought only hard woody seeds remained√ Finches with bigger beaks could crack open the seeds more easily√ had sufficient food√ and survived√ and reproduced OR During the drought, there were no small, soft seeds√ 	ore	
		 Finches with smaller beaks could not crack open the hard woody seeds√ 	i	
		and had no food√did not survive√ to reproduce	Any 3	(3)
	3.4.5	Range (9,8 – 10,3√) mm/larger		(1) (11)



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TOTAL SECTION B:

80

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SECTION C

QUESTION 4

Natural selection and speciation

The original species of anole lizards was separated√s

into different populations√s

by a geographical barrier√s

which is the sea√s

There was no gene flow√s

between the separated populations√s

Each population was exposed to different environmental conditions√N on each island

Because there is variation ✓ N amongst the lizards

Natural selection occurred independently VN in each population

Some had favourable characteristics√N to survive on a specific island

while others did not√N

The ones that did not have the favourable characteristics died

N

The ones with the favourable characteristic survived ✓ N

and reproduced√ N

to pass the gene for the favourable characteristics ✓ N

to the next generation ✓ N

And over many generations the favourable characteristic becomes more frequent in the population V N

each population became different from the other so over time

genotypically √s

and phenotypically√s

Even if the populations were to mix again√s

Max 17 they would not be able to reproduce/interbreed with each other \sqrt{s}

NOTE: VS = SPECIATION

✓N = NATURAL SELECTION

Content: (17)(3)

Synthesis:

(20)

ASSESSING THE PRESENTATION OF THE ESSAY

	TO THE TREBEITMENT	Comprehensive (C)	
Criterion	Relevance (R)	Logical sequence (L)	
Generally	All information provided is	Idodo dirange in a registra	Answered all aspects required by the essay.
	relevant to the topic.	sequence.	At least 6 correct points in the
In this essay (Q4)	Only information relevant to the description of natural selection and speciation is given.	The descriptions for natural selection and speciation are logical and sequential.	description of natural selection and 6 correct points on speciation are given.
Mark	1	1	1

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TOTAL SECTION C: GRAND TOTAL: 150

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