

# basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

# SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS

LIFE SCIENCES P1

2018

FINAL MARKING GUIDELINES - 8 June 2018

**MARKS: 150** 

DEPARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION PRIVATE BAG X595, PRIL DRIA 0001

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2018 -06- 08

PUBLIC EXAMINATION

These marking guidelines consist of 11 pages.

G S PILLAY XTERNAL MODERATOR UMALUSI

8/6/2018

Kuander Watt INT: MOD 08/06/2018

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Dr P. Preethiall UMALUSI Moderator &106/2018

### PRINCIPLES RELATED TO MARKING LIFE SCIENCES

1 If more information than marks allocated is given

Stop marking when maximum marks is reached and put a wavy line and 'max' in the right-hand margin.

- 2. If, for example, three reasons are required and five are given Mark the first three irrespective of whether all or some are correct/ incorrect.
- 3. If whole process is given when only a part of it is required Read all and credit the relevant part.
- 4. If comparisons are asked for but descriptions are given Accept if the differences/similarities are clear.
- 5. If tabulation is required but paragraphs are given Candidates will lose marks for not tabulating.
- 6. If diagrams are given with annotations when descriptions are required Candidates will lose marks.
- 7. If flow charts are given instead of descriptions Candidates will lose marks.
- 8. If sequence is muddled and links do not make sense

Where sequence and links are correct, credit. Where sequence and links are incorrect, do not credit. If sequence and links become correct again, resume credit.

9. Non-recognised abbreviations

Accept if first defined in answer. If not defined, do not credit the unrecognised abbreviation but credit the rest of the answer if correct

10. Wrong numbering

If answer fits into the correct sequence of questions but the wrong number is given, it is acceptable.

11. If language used changes the intended meaning Do not accept.

**Spelling errors** 

If recognisable, accept the answer, provided it does not mean something else in Life Sciences or if it is out of context.

13. If common names are given in terminology

Accept, provided it was accepted at the national memo discussion meeting.

14. If only the letter is asked for but only the name is given (and vice versa)

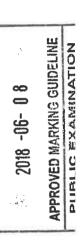
Do not credit.

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# 15. If units are not given in measurements

Candidates will lose marks. Marking guidelines will allocate marks for units separately.

16. Be sensitive to the sense of an answer, which may be stated in a different way.

#### 17. Caption

All illustrations (diagrams, graphs, tables, etc.) must have a caption.

# 18. Code-switching of official languages (terms and concepts)

A single word or two that appear(s) in any official language other than the learners' assessment language used to the greatest extent in his/her answers should be credited if it is correct. A marker that is proficient in the relevant official language should be consulted. This is applicable to all official languages.

# 19. Changes to the marking guidelines

No changes must be made to the marking guidelines without consulting the provincial internal moderator who in turn will consult with the national internal moderator (and the Umalusi moderators where necessary).

#### 20. Official marking guidelines

Only marking guidelines bearing the signatures of the national internal moderator and the Umalusi moderators and distributed by the National Department of Basic Education via the provinces must be used.

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APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE PUBLIC EXAMINATION

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EXTERNAL MODERATOR
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# SCE - Marking Guidelines

#### **SECTION A**

# **QUESTION 1**

-,				
1.1	1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5 1.1.6 1.1.7 1.1.8 1.1.9	C ✓ ✓ A ✓ ✓ C ✓ ✓ A ✓ ✓ C ✓ ✓ D ✓ ✓ C ✓ ✓ B ✓ ✓	(9 x 2)	(18)
1.2	1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5 1.2.6 1.2.7	Endocrine✓ Monoculture✓ Spermatogenesis✓ Prolactin✓ Thorns✓ Carbon footprint✓ Tropism✓  EDUCATION  PRIVATE BAG X695, PRETORIA 6001  2018 -06- 0 8		(7)
1.3	1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3	Both A and B  APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE PUBLIC EXAMINATION B only	(3 x 2)	(6)
1.4	1.4.1	Reflex arc√		(1)
	1.4.2	(a) B - Motor√ neuron/multipolar neuron/efferent neuron		(1)
		(b) C - Interneuron√/connector neuron		(1)
		(c) E - Sensory√ neuron/unipolar neuron/afferent neuron		(1)
	1.4.3	(a) F√		(1)
		(b) A√		(1)
	1.4.4	(a) D√ - Synapse√		(2)
		(b) G√ - Myelin sheath√		(2) <b>(10)</b>

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1.5	1.5.1	Anaphase II√	(1)
	1.5.2	(a) Centriole√	(1)
		(b) Centromere√	(1)
		(c) Spindle fibre√	(1)
	1.5.3	The chromatids separate√/centromere splits	(1)
	1.5.4	Crossing over√	(1)
	1.5.5	Reduces genetic variation√	(1)
	1.5.6	(a) Four√/4	(1)
		(b) 23√	(1) <b>(9)</b>

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**TOTAL SECTION A:** 

50

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#### **SECTION B**

SECTION B		
QUESTION 2	QUESTION 2	
2.1 2.1.1	- Corpus luteum  - Placenta  (Mark first TWO only)  - Corpus luteum  - PRIVATE BAG X893, 706 - 0 8  2018 -06 - 0 8	(2)
2.1.2	Progesterone levels are increasing   APPROVED MARKING CONTINUES OF THE PUBLIC EXAMINATION	(1)
2.1.3	<ul> <li>High levels of progesterone√</li> <li>inhibits/causes a decrease in the secretion of FSH√</li> </ul>	(2)
2.1.4	To prevent the growth of a new follicle ✓ /ovulation during the pregnancy	(1)
2.1.5	39,5 – 21,6 ✓ = 17,9	
	$\frac{17.9}{21.6} \times 100 \checkmark = 82.87 \checkmark / 82.9 / 83\%$	(3)
2.1.6	<ul> <li>(a) - The endometrium/uterine lining/placenta will not be maintained√</li> <li>- Menstruation will begin√/the placenta will detach/ she will have a miscarriage</li> </ul>	(2)
	(b) Give the woman progesterone supplements√	(1) <b>(12)</b>
2.2 2.2.1	Methane√/CH₄	(1)
2.2.2	Used as a fuel√/cooking/heating/light/electricity (Mark first ONE only)  Any	(1)
2.2.3	<ul> <li>Reduce pests ✓ /rats/flies</li> <li>Reduce bad smells ✓ /pollution</li> <li>To promote decomposition ✓</li> <li>(Mark first ONE only)</li> </ul> Any	(1)
2.2.4	It is full ✓/It has reached ground level (Mark first ONE only)	(1)
2.2.5	<ul> <li>(a) - Golf course√</li> <li>- Recreational park√</li> <li>- Car park√</li> <li>- Forestry√</li> <li>(Mark first TWO only)</li> </ul> Any	(2)
My		

P. B. MAJOZI UMALUSI (b) - Reuse√ waste materials- Recycle√ waste materials

- Reduce the amount of waste produced√

- Manufacture more products that can be recycled ✓ (Mark first TWO only)

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Dr P. Preethlall UMALUSI Moderator Any (2

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DEPARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION	
Manufacture State State of the Control of the Contr	
2.3 2.3.1 (a) Cerebellum√ PRIVATE BAG X895, PERFORMA 9091	(1)
2018 -33- 0 8	
(b) Cerebrum✓  APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE	(1)
2.3.2 Organ of Corti√ PUBLIC EXAMINATION	(1)
<ul> <li>2.3.3 - The semi-circular canals/part A contain fluid ✓ /endolymph which moves when the person moves ✓</li> <li>- There are cristae ✓ /receptors present which convert the stimulus to an impulse ✓ /are sensitive to the movement of the fluid</li> <li>- The canals lie on three different planes ✓ to detect movement in any direction ✓</li> <li>(Mark first TWO only)</li> </ul> Any 2 x 2	(4) <b>(7)</b>
	(1)
2.4 2.4.1 (a) Choroid√	(1)
(b) Sclera√	(1)
2.4.2 - The person cannot see√/is blind in that eye/has no binocular vision	
<ul> <li>because the impulses from the retina cannot be transmitted to the cerebrum√ from one eye</li> </ul>	(2)
<ul> <li>2.4.3 - The circular muscles of part A/the iris contract√</li> <li>- and the radial muscles relax√</li> <li>- making the pupil smaller√/constricting the pupil</li> <li>- so that less light enters the eye√</li> </ul>	(4)
<ul> <li>2.4.4 (a) - Accommodation will not occur√</li> <li>- The refractive power of the lens is low√/lens cannot become more convex</li> <li>- and light rays are not refracted/bent enough√</li> <li>- and would not be focussed onto the retina√/would be focussed behind the retina/a clear image would not be formed on the retina</li> <li>- Therefore the person cannot focus on objects that are closer than 6m√/the person can only focus on distant</li> </ul>	9
objects	(4)
(b) Convex / biconvex	(1) <b>(13)</b> <b>[40]</b>
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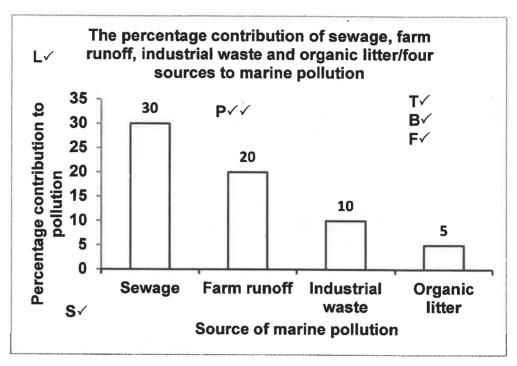
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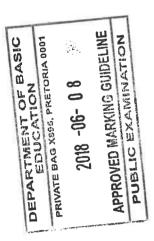
#### **QUESTION 3**

3.1 3.1.1



Mark allocation of the graph

Criteria	Mark Allocation
Title of graph (T) including both variables	1
Bar graph drawn (B)	1
Correct scale for X-axis (equal width and spacing of the bars) and Y-axis (S)	1
Correct label and unit for X-axis and Y-axis (L)	1
Only the correct four bars have been plotted (F)	1
Plotting of the bars (P)	0: No bars plotted correctly
* ` '	1: 1 to 3 bars plotted correctly
	2: All 4 bars plotted correctly



#### NOTE:

If a line graph is drawn – marks will be awarded for the 'title and label for X and Y axes' only

If a histogram is drawn – marks will be lost for the 'type of graph and correct scale' only

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# 9 SCE – Marking Guidelines

3.1.2	<ul> <li>The sewage/organic litter contains nutrients√</li> <li>The amount of nutrients in the water increases√/eutrophicat occurs</li> <li>causing an algal bloom√</li> <li>The algae cover the surface of the water√/blocks out sunlight causing water plants to die√</li> <li>thereby reducing photosynthesis√</li> <li>and increasing decomposition√ thus reducing the oxygen content of the water</li> </ul>	
3.2 3.2.1	Adrenalin√	(1)
3.2.2	<ul> <li>Increases the heart rate√</li> <li>Increases blood pressure√</li> <li>Stimulates the conversion of glycogen into glucose√</li> <li>Increases the blood supply to the heart√/skeletal muscles</li> <li>Decreases blood flow to the digestive system√</li> <li>Decreases blood flow to the skin√</li> <li>Increases muscle tone√</li> <li>Increases the rate/depth of breathing√</li> <li>Increases the rate of respiration√/metabolism</li> <li>Dilates/increases the diameter of the pupils√</li> <li>(Mark first THREE only)</li> </ul>	Any (3) <b>(4)</b>
- The pa - secrete - which - and sti - and to	glucose levels rise / above normal increas / /islets of Langerhans es insulin / into the blood travels to the liver / /muscle cells mulates them to absorb glucose / from the blood convert the excess glucose into glycogen / decreases the blood glucose levels / to normal	Any <b>(5)</b>
3.4 3.4.1	(a) Volume of urine√	(1)
DEPARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION PRIVATE BAG X695, PRETORIA 0001 APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE PUBLIC EXAMINATION	<ul> <li>(b) - Decide on a time √ /date/place to conduct the investigatio - Decide on the apparatus √ /materials that need to be used - Decide how to record the data √ - Decide on the number of participants to include √ - Decide what factors to keep constant ✓ /example of factor be kept constant - Decide on the composition of the sample √ - Develop an indemnity form for the participants to sign ✓ - Recruit ✓ /get permission from volunteers to participate (Mark first TWO only)</li> </ul>	n d
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		<ul> <li>(c) - The same room√/environment/temperature</li> <li>- The same apparatus√</li> <li>- The same investigator√</li> <li>- No other liquid intake by both groups√</li> <li>- Same type of beer√</li> </ul>	
		(Mark first TWO only) Any	(2)
		<ul> <li>(d) - They used a large sample √ /12 men/6 men in each group</li> <li>- The average volume of urine produced was calculated √</li> <li>(Mark first TWO only)</li> </ul>	(2)
	3.4.2	<ul> <li>Alcohol inhibits/reduces the secretion of ADH√</li> <li>causing the renal tubules ✓ /distal convoluted tubules and collecting ducts</li> <li>to become less permeable to water√</li> <li>Less water is reabsorbed ✓ back into the blood</li> <li>A larger volume of urine is produced ✓</li> </ul> Any	(4)
3.5	3.5.1	To ensure unilateral light√/the plant receives light from one direction only	<b>(11)</b> (1)
	3.5.2	Auxins√/IAA/indole acetic acid	(1)

	T✓
Plant A	Plant B
The stem of the plant will bend towards the light√	The stem of the plant will remain straight√/will not bend towards the light
Does not have lateral branches √ /only lower lateral branches will start to grow	All the lateral branches will grow√along the whole stem
The plant will be taller√	The plant will be shorter√
(Mark first TWO only)	1 table (T) + (2 x 2)

Differences between plants A and B after two weeks

3.5.4 - The gibberellins cause the stem/plant to grow longer√/taller

- because gibberellins stimulate the elongation/growth of the internodes√

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3.5.3

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**TOTAL SECTION B:** 

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(5)

(2) **(9)** 

[40]

80

#### **SECTION C**

#### **QUESTION 4**

# Gaseous exchange in amniotic eggs (A)

- Gases move by diffusion√
- into and out of the egg√
- through the porous shell √/allantois/chorion

# Nourishment of the embryo in amniotic eggs

- The egg contains yolk√/albumin
- which provide nutrients ✓ to the embryo

Max (4)

# Gaseous exchange and nourishment of the foetus in humans (F)

- In the placenta√
- the mothers blood comes into close contact with the foetal blood√
- Oxygen√
- and nutrients√
- diffuse from the mothers blood into the foetal blood√
- in the umbilical veins√
- This nutrient rich blood is carried to the foetus through the umbilical cord✓
- Carbon dioxide diffuses from the foetal blood√
- in the umbilical artery√
- into the maternal blood√

Max (7)

#### Protection of the foetus in humans (P)

- The foetus develops inside the uterus√
- and is protected by the mothers body√
- Antibodies from the mothers blood√
- pass into the foetus' blood and provide immunity√
- The placenta acts as a microfilter√
- preventing toxins from the mother entering the foetal blood√
- The foetus is enclosed in the amnion√
- which contains amniotic fluid√
- The amniotic fluid provides protection against dehydration√
- and acts as a shock absorber√
- It provides a suitable temperature 

  ✓ for the developing embryo



Max (6)

Content:

Synthesis:

(3) **(20)** 

(17)

ASSESSING THE PRESENTATION OF THE ESSAY

Relevance	Logical sequence	Comprehensive
All information provided is relevant to the question	Ideas arranged in a logical/ cause-effect sequence	Answered all aspects required by the essay in sufficient detail
All the information provided is relevant to:  - Gaseous exchange and nourishment in amniotic eggs  - Gaseous exchange, nourishment and protection in the human foetus  There is no irrelevant information	All the information regarding the: - Gaseous exchange and nourishment in amniotic eggs - Gaseous exchange, nourishment and protection in the human foetus is arranged in a logical manner.	At least the following points should be included:  - Gaseous exchange and nourishment in amniotic eggs (2/4)  - Gaseous exchange and nourishment in the human foetus (5/7)  - Protection in the human foetus (4/6)
1 mark	1 mark	1 mark





TOTAL SECTION C:

Dr P. Preethiall GRAND TOTAL:

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ION C: 20 OTAL: 150

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