

basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

LIFE SCIENCES P1

NOVEMBER 2018

FINAL MARKING GUIDELINES - 20 November 2018

MARKS: 150

APROVED

G S PILLAY
EXTERNAL MODERATOR

20/11/2018

DEPARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION

PRIVATE BAG X898, PRETORIA 0001

2018 -11- 1 9

APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE

PUBLIC EXAMINATION

Approved

Quelle

Dr P. Preethlall UMALUSI Moderator

20/11/2018

These marking guidelines consist of 11 pages.

Duan der Watt

Wolf moderatel

20/11/2015

P. B. MAJOZI UMALUSI

John Douby

S-CHETTY

Copyright reserved

Please turn over

PRINCIPLES RELATED TO MARKING LIFE SCIENCES

1. If more information than marks allocated is given

Stop marking when maximum mark is reached and put a wavy line and 'max' in the right-hand margin.

2. If, for example, three reasons are required and five are given

Mark the first three irrespective of whether all or some are correct/ incorrect.

3. If whole process is given when only a part of it is required

Read all and credit the relevant part.

4. **If comparisons are asked for but descriptions are given** Accept if the differences/similarities are clear.

5. **If tabulation is required but paragraphs are given** Candidates will lose marks for not tabulating.



- 6. If diagrams are given with annotations when descriptions are required Candidates will lose marks.
- 7. If flow charts are given instead of descriptions Candidates will lose marks.
- 8. If sequence is muddled and links do not make sense

Where sequence and links are correct, credit. Where sequence and links are incorrect, do not credit. If sequence and links become correct again, resume credit.

9. Non-recognised abbreviations

Accept if first defined in answer. If not defined, do not credit the unrecognised abbreviation but credit the rest of the answer if correct.

10. Wrong numbering

If answer fits into the correct sequence of questions but the wrong number is given, it is acceptable.

11. If language used changes the intended meaning

Do not accept.

12. Spelling errors

If recognisable, accept the answer, provided it does not mean something else in Life Sciences or if it is out of context.

13. If common names are given in terminology

Accept, provided it was accepted at the national memo discussion meeting.

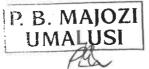
14. If only the letter is asked for but only the name is given (and vice versa)

Do not credit.

15. If units are not given in measurements

Candidates will lose marks. Memorandum will allocate marks for units separately.

G S PILLAY EXTERNAL MODERATOR UMALUSI



Dr P. Preethlail
UMALUSI Moderator

16. Be sensitive to the sense of an answer, which may be stated in a different way.

17. Caption

All illustrations (diagrams, graphs, tables, etc.) must have a caption.

18. Code-switching of official languages (terms and concepts)

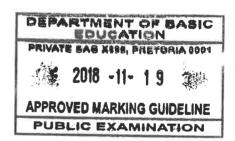
A single word or two that appear(s) in any official language other than the learners' assessment language used to the greatest extent in his/her answers should be credited if it is correct. A marker that is proficient in the relevant official language should be consulted. This is applicable to all official languages.

19. Changes to the memorandum

No changes must be made to the memoranda without consulting the provincial internal moderator who in turn will consult with the national internal moderator (and the Umalusi moderators where necessary).

20. Official memoranda

Only memoranda bearing the signatures of the national internal moderator and the Umalusi moderators and distributed by the National Department of Basic Education via the provinces must be used.



G S PILLAY EXTERNAL MODERATOR CL UMALUSI P. B. MAJOZI UMALUSI

Dr P. Preethlall UMALUSI Moderator

SECTION A

QUESTION 1

UMALUSI

Copyright reserved

TOTAL SECTION A: 50

PRIVATE SAG X898, PRETORIA 0001

2018 -11- 1 9

APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE
PUBLIC EXAMINATION

P. B. MAJOZI UMALUSI

GS PILLAY CL UMALUSI Moderator
EXTERNAL MODERATOR
UMALUSI

OF P. Preethiali

UMALUSI

OF P. Preethiali

UMALUSI

OF P. Preethiali

SECTION B

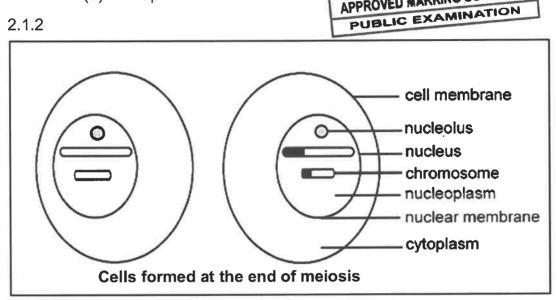
QUESTION 2

2.1 2.1.1

Prophase I√ (a)

(b) Anaphase I√ DEPARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION PRIVATE BAG X895, PRETORIA 0001 2018 -11- 19 APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE

2.1.2



Criteria for marking

Only two cells have been drawn (D)	1 mark
Each cell contains only two un-replicated chromosomes (C)	1 mark
Each chromosome is the correct size and correctly shaded (S)	1 mark
Any TWO correct labels	2 marks

(5)(7)

(1)

(1)

2.2 2.2.1

- Needed for spermatogenesis√
- Stimulates the development of secondary male characteristics√/deeper voice/facial hair/body hair/increased muscle mass/increase in size of the sex organs/sex drive

(Mark first ONE only)

(1) Any

2.2.2 Administering testosterone√/hormonal treatment

(2)Surgery√

(Mark first TWO only)

2.2.3 331/3 \(\%/33,3 P. B. MAJOZI (1)UMALUSI

It increases the risk of testicular cancer√ 2.2.4 (Mark first ONE only)

(1)

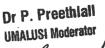
2.2.5

- The temperature of the testes will be too high√/poor blood circulation/increased pressure on the testes
- therefore sperm will not mature //spermatogenesis will be negatively affected

(7)

Copyright reserved

GS PILLAY EXTERNAL MODERATOR MALUSI



Life Scienc	ces/P1	7 NSC – Marking Guidelines	
2.3	2.3.1	To calculate BMI✓	(1)
	2.3.2	41/100√ x 1510√ = 619√ (Accept 619,1)	(3)
	2.3.3	Only women with planned pregnancies will know how long it took them to fall pregnant ✓ ✓	(2)
	2.3.4	All the women: - were the same age√/between the ages of 20 and 30 years - were pregnant for the same amount of time√/at least 20 weeks pregnant - had planned to fall pregnant√ - had conceived naturally√ (Mark first ONE only) Any	(1)
	2.3.5	Do not smoke if your BMI is <20 or ≥30√√	(2)
	2.3.6	 Similar/same results were obtained√ in the second/repeated investigation√ 	(2) (11)
2.4	2.4.1	(a) Transmits sound waves to the tympanic membrane√/Secretes ear wax(Mark first ONE only)	(1)
		 (b) Equalises pressure on either side of the tympanic membrane√ (Mark first ONE only) 	(1)
		(c) Releases pressure from the inner ear√ (Mark first ONE only)	(1)
Q 5 W Z	2.4.2	(a) C√	(1)
BASIC JIBELINE		(b) D√	(1)
PRETON 9	2.4.3	 The receptors cannot convert the stimuli into impulses√ No impulses/fewer impulses are transmitted to the cerebrum√ and the person does not hear anything√/hearing is impaired 	(3)
PRIVATE BAG X880. 2018 - 11 APPROVED NARK	2.4.4	 The sound vibrations are transmitted from the large tympanic membrane√ to the smaller oval window√ through the ossicles√ which are arranged from largest to smallest√ 	(0)
		- This concentrates the vibrations√, amplifying them Any	(3)
	2.4.5	 A change in speed/direction of movement√ stimulates the cristae√ The stimulus is converted to an impulse√ The impulse is transmitted to the cerebellum√ via the auditory nerve√ The cerebellum sends impulses to the muscles√ to restore balance 	
Copyright	reserved	G S PILLAY CY Dr P. Preethiall EXTERNAL MODERATOR UMALUSI Moderator UMALUSI	[40]

UMALUSI

8 NSC – Marking Guidelines

QUEST	LION 3		DEPARTMENT OF BASIC	
		Australia	EDUCATION PRIVATE BAG X895, PRETORIA 0001	745
3.1	3.1.1	Auxins√	- a. 1	(1)
	3.1.2	(a) Light√	APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE	(1)
		(b) Gravity√	PUBLIC EXAMINATION	(1)
	3.1.3	Plant structure B has bent towards phototropic	s the light√/towards A /positively	(1)
	3.1.4	growth√		(3) (7)
3.2	3.2.1	A✓		(1)
	3.2.2	The impulse does not travel to the receptor to effector via the spinal of		(1)
	3.2.3	 Allows the person to respond rate and without thinking √/involunta to a stimulus √ to prevent damage to the body 	arily	(3)
22	3.2.4	Nerve√/spinal cord		(1)
	3.2.5	 It acts as an insulator√ and therefore, speeds up the necircuit 	erve impulse√/prevents a short	(2)
	3.2.6	 The person would be able to fe but would be unable to react√ because the impulse would not 	eel the stimulus√ t be transmitted to the effector√ Any	(2)
	3.2.7	- The receptor receives the stimular and converts it into an impulsed which is transported by a sense to the brain√*/cerebrum - The brain/cerebrum interprets to the brain/cerebrum sends an interprets to bring about a response to bring about a response ✓ P. B. MA	ory neuron ✓ via the spinal cord the impulse ✓* mpulse to a motor neuron ✓ the effector ✓ 2* compulsory + any other 4	(6) (16)
Copyright	reserved	EXTERNAL MODERATOR P. B. IVIA	ISI UMALUSI Moderator	

	3.3.2	Fewer larger meals	More smaller meals
			ximum blood insulin
			ncentration is ver√/between 120-140
		mg/dl mg	
			nimum blood insulin
		concentration is cor lower // between 20-30 mg/dl mg	ncentration is higher√/40
			od insulin concentration
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	es and falls six times a
			nall changes in insulin
		concentration√/between 140- cor	ncentration√/between 80- 0 mg/dl
			ulin concentration varies
		3	ove and below minimum
		concentration√ glu (Mark first TWO only)	1 for table + Any 2 x 2
4	3.4.1 3.4.2	B√ The person is sweeting.√	nsulin glucose enters the ARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION ATE BAG X898, PRETORIA 0001
	2.4.2	(Mark first 1990 only)	ROVED MARKING GUIDELINE
	3.4.3	Adrenalin√	
	3.4.4	 Blood vessels are constricted√ Less blood is sent to the skin√/sweat Less sweat is formed√/less evaporation and less heat is lost√ 	-
			TOTAL SECTION B:
		P. B. MAJOZI	- proofficial
nvria	ht reserved	EXTERNAL MODERATOR P. B. MAJOZI UMALUSI	Dr P. Preethlall UMALUSI Moderator

UMALUSI

QUESTION 4

The causes of rapid global warming (H)

- The concentration of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere has increased√
- The burning of fossil fuels√/use of vehicles/fires
- and industrial processes√
- have released large amounts of CO₂√/N₂O/CFC's into the atmosphere
- Deforestation√
- results in less CO₂ being removed from the atmosphere ✓
- Due to the decomposition of organic waste in landfills √/rice paddies
- and the increased number of livestock√
- the concentration of methane/CH₄ in the atmosphere has increased√
- This has caused the enhanced greenhouse effect√
- More heat is trapped in the atmosphere√

Any (8)

Impact of global warming on weather patterns (W)

- Higher temperatures ✓ occur
- Heat waves occur√
- The distribution of rainfall changes√
- leading to increased rainfall in some areas√
- while other areas will have decreased rainfall √/experience droughts
- Storms are more severe √/frequent

Any (3)

How changes in weather patterns affects food security (F)

Food security decreases√*

Changes in rainfall patterns cause:

- Desertification√
- increased flooding√
- and wildfires√
- which increases soil erosion ✓ resulting in:
 - o fewer crops to be planted✓
 - o lower crop yields√
 - less food for livestock

APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE PUBLIC EXAMINATION

DEPARTMENT OF BASIC

EDUCATION
PRIVATE BAG X398, PRETORIA 0001

2018 -11- 19

- Higher environmental temperatures negatively affects livestock √/crops
- These factors further decrease food availability✓
- Food becomes more expensive√

1*compulsory + Any other 5 (6)

Content: (17)

Synthesis:

(3) **(20)**

Dr P. Preethlall UMALUSI Moderator

G S PILLAY CA

UMALUSI



Copyright reserved

ASSESSING THE PRESENTATION OF THE ESSAY

Relevance	Logical sequence	Comprehensive
All information provided is relevant to the question	Ideas arranged in a logical/ cause- effect sequence	Answered all aspects required by the essay in sufficient detail
 All the information provided is relevant to: The causes of rapid global warming The impact of global warming on weather patterns How changing weather patterns affect food security There is no irrelevant information 	All the information regarding the: The causes of rapid global warming The impact of global warming on weather patterns How changing weather patterns affect food security is arranged in a logical manner.	At least the following points should be included: The causes of rapid global warming (H) (5/8) The impact of global warming on weather patterns (W) (2/3) How changing weather patterns affect food security (F) (4/6)
1 mark	1 mark	1 mark

TOTAL SECTION C: 20

GRAND TOTAL: 150



G S PILLAY C./ EXTERNAL MODERATOR UMALUSI P. B. MAJOZI UMALUSI Dr P. Preethiall UMALUSI Moderator